重要区域的城市规划设计说明书

Focus Areas Urban Plan Manual



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琅琊 **LANGYA**

·个可持续发展的明天、一个繁荣兴旺的未来

A SUSTAINABLE AND PROSPEROUS FUTURE

青岛市规划局给了我们一次机会参与青岛卫星城 镇一琅琊组团的总体规划,我想在此表示感谢。我对 夏耕市长和市政府领导关于建设生态型可持续发展 的青岛的远见卓识深感赞同和钦佩。青岛市致力于 对历史遗迹、环境、自然景观的保护和综合管理,以 及在可持续发展方面的投入和所取得进展,令人惊叹 不已。这一切都为我们"认真思索、细心体会、准 确定位、富有灵感"的设计创作埋下伏笔。它也将 深深地激励着我为青岛市的宏伟发展蓝图贡献我的 才智。



I wish to thank the Qingdao Urban Planning & Programming Bureau for this opportunity to participate in this transformation of Qingdao Satellite City Group — Lang Ya. I deeply value, respect and appreciate Mayor Xia Geng's central leadership and powerful vision towards an ecological and sustainable Qingdao! The commitment to a balance of historic preservation, environmental concern, landscape beauty and phenomenal progress in sustainable development is remarkable. The knowledge, experience and insights of my visits to Qingdao has prompted me to offer these concepts to facilitate your rapid growth.

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熏陶着盎然的生命。这里是生活,工作和 旅游的理想之地。

Lang Ya is a vital, historic place — for living, working and tourism - where mountainous marine headlands dance with the sea, and nature breathes abundant life.

结论 **Summary**





滨海地带:保护和管理好滨海地带,旨在促进旅游、生态、海洋服务业、海洋 研究及现代化渔业。

Coastal Edge: preserving and managing the coastal area for the benefit of tourism, ecology, marine services and research, and modern fisheries.

了这一工作,旅游和娱乐圣地的主旋律。我们的设计独具慧眼地把这里自然美 和历史美的精华揉进了一个生机盎然的环境。琅琊台及其建筑是当地历史的 方便。这一地带还是专业教育的基地,有新的海洋渔业站和新技术试点站。我 们刻意规划了兼容大众旅游活动和高档度假区的多样化旅游社区。众多的选 择能吸引各类游客,提高经济效益。琅琊台和新建的山海公园--山海相接的力 作--为所有人享受海滩提供了便捷的通道。相比之下,车轮山度假区--以清代 风格建筑--是一个纯的高效益中心。而水晶城则着眼于增长着的中产阶级。 我们深知在选择规划方案时战略眼光的重要。但我们亦铭记只有协实可行的 方案才能成功地完成从现实到理想的飞跃。琅琊旅游园区是连接山与海,历史 与自然的可行之路!

Extraordinary Headlands and their flowing dance with the sea, set the tone of this working, tourism and recreational coast. A unique opportunity exists by combining the core physical and historic beauty with a living, active and abundant environment. Lang Ya Tai and its artifacts are the symbol of local history and offer education; the mountain, adjacent headlands and Dragon Bay define the beauty. The protection of the coastal headlands along with the Dagon Bay coast, as public open space now and for future generations, provides a healthy ecology with beautiful recreation. We have made very specific recommendations through zoning, minimizing road access and height limits to preserve the setting. Unique tourist and working villages, existing and new ports to create jobs and open the coast for everyone. Interesting and highly useful educational areas include the new marine fisheries and test sites for new technologies. Our careful planning supports diverse communities of people in affordable tourism activities as well as upscale resorts. These contrasting choices provide for all, while upgrading the economy. The tourism areas around Lang Ya Tai and the new mountain to sea park — powerful mountain to sea connections — serves anyone who wants access to the beaches. In contrast the Chelum Mountain resort, in the Qing style, is an example of an exclusive high profit center, while Crystal City focuses on the growing middle class. We understand that it is very important that choices be made in visionary ways but we always remember that practical solutions make for successful transitions. Lang Ya Park is a walk-able connection between History, Mountain and Sea!



人口中心:座北朝南的城区,嵌入山麓,边界分明,可容85%的人口,并具发展

Population Centers: South-facing cities, nested into the mountains with well-defined boundaries, house 85% of the population at a good standard.

农业园区和工业园区:特种农作和生态整合工业是景观优美的、生态的、 **3**可持续的经济开发。

Open and Industrial Lands: Scenic, ecological, and highly economic applications such as specialized farmland and eco-integrated industries.

线。破例的建筑都需严格审批,只有市政和文化的标志性建筑,如市府大楼,可 以超高。我们的设计提高了整个琅琊组团的发展潜力,使之成为居住和旅游的 理想之地。我们方案中的轻轨公交系统使得各城区的边界清晰有效,整个组团 与人文景观相辅相成的组团结构。组团中各个经济区的活动虽是分散的,但居 民的日常生活是通过在农业,工业和旅游服务业的工作整合在一起的。如此丰 团的发展优势。我们对城区的选址和对环境的保护,不仅留住了宝贵的农田和 的多样化,为琅琊人民设计了高水平的生活和可持续的发展。 山地,也为绿色的、节能的建筑设计提供了良机。

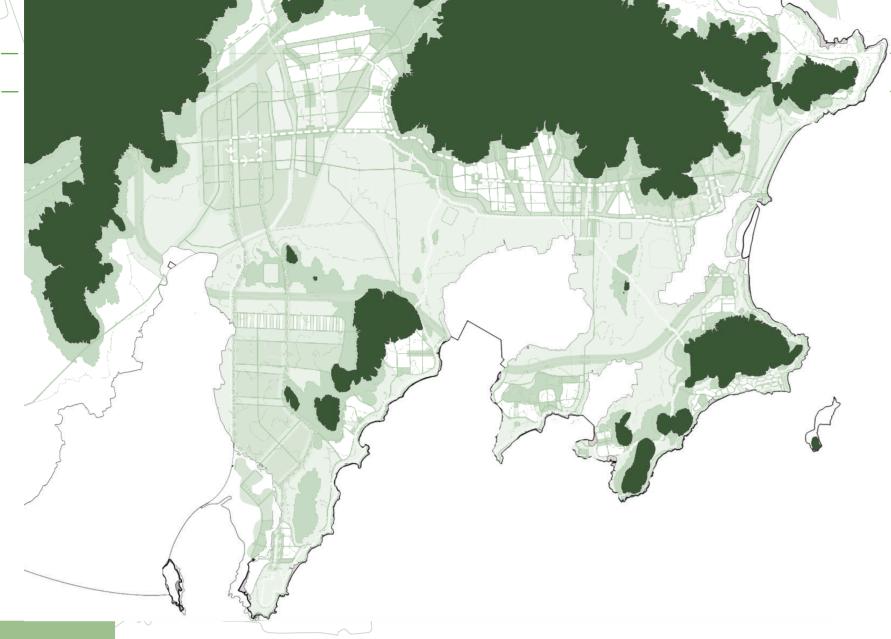
maintaining the contrast with natural features. We are significantly improving the potential for the whole Lang Ya city group to become both a beautiful place to live a well as a great place to visit. The transit system supports the efficiency of urban boundaries by providing for easy connections and commuting among the whole economic areas are dispersed throughout the region but the daily life is integrated through work in agriculture, industry and tourism, thus an undivided sense of the region. Such diversity and access make for a dynamic living environment. The positioning and natural protection of the city cores not only preserves valuable farmland and the mountains but offers excellent opportunities for Green, energy saving, Architectural Designs.

民对机动交通工具的依赖程度。高密度居民区有显见的优越性,如社区轮廓清 那里的经济效益是通过大量海产和旅游事业获得的。在我们的方案中,工业是 的公共教育和公园用地, 道路,轻轨和自行车道都可利用这些绿带美化路旁景 沐官岛水库旁的新港既可为工业,又可为旅游服务。我们规划的琅琊组团,是 富多彩的经济结构,动态变化的生活环境,便捷的公交系统,充分展示了琅琊组 个巧夺天工的整合优化系统。它为琅琊保护了广袅的自然美,增添了经济交化,

The concept of Urban Growth Boundaries is essential for the success of the Our plan is committed to the preservation, and where needed the restoration, of Lang Ya City Group. When clear limits to growth are well known and cities have Lang Ya's Natural beauty and resources. We recognize that preservation of open strong neighborhoods with sufficient open Parklands, the citizens thrive. Walkable neighborhoods are of a scale that can become communities and reduce the advantages. Tuscany, in Italy is a great example of where productive and scenic dependence on any mechanical form of transportation. Obvious benefits of density open space secured by strict control, the combination is highly economic from include: efficient and well defined neighborhoods, accessible city and retail services, both high margin food products and tourism. In our review, Industry is seen as an condensed infrastructure, a Light rail transit system with compact routings, and easy extension of eco green land and agricultural use. We are recommending combining access to a diverse landscape experiences. It is our intention to have no more than agriculture with industry; using the adjacent green belts and industrial rooftops for include not building above the 30-meter or taller than the 100-meter topography, food production year round, while reducing energy needs. We support and value the development of heavy industries and recommend that bio-eco green belts be made biologically active to preserve water quality. Infrastructure zones for wastewater treatment and bio filtration are also fine opportunities for public education and parks. Transportation links: roads, light rail and bikeways all benefit from the scenic potential region, thus offering the sense of an undivided community. The activities in various of the region while serving commuters. We have made every effort to improve water capacity for both domestic and industrial use. The Muguando Reservoir would supply agriculture as well as industry. It is also a spectacular wind garden supplying the region with wind power, up to 1/3 the total required. The plan uses existing reservoirs and new farm reservoirs for hydroelectric power generation; the farm reservoirs make best use of wind pumps to maintain their gravity systems. Our plan includes a new port near the Muguando Reservoir that will increase industrial options and further integrate tourism. We see Lang Ya City Group as a well-integrated system arriving at a high standard of living from its diversity and vast beauty.







城市发展:拓展边界、高度、建筑限制及社区发展

Urban Centers: Growth Boundaries, Height and Building Limits and Neighborhood development

业、旅游、娱乐、自然风光,水和空气质量管理和生态保护区等用地不为城市 发展所吞并。只要可能,城市和沿海村庄应限制在北部地区的山脚下或海滨陆 角的北端,而不应建在陡坡、山顶或海滨陆角上,

以充分突显这个地区地形的起伏。这个高度限制不是指建筑物本身从地面的 高度,而是绝对海拔高度。当然,历史建筑、标志性建筑和其他旅游设施建筑 可以例外。此外,在海拔30米以上的地区也不应再搞建筑。冲积平原上我们没 育规划任何建筑,所有的只是一望无边的农田和广阔的大地

特征和多样性。琅琊组团的规划就是遵循了这些原则,严格清楚地确定了城市 地塑造了城市的标志性建筑,从而,构造一个全新的城市整体形象。

Urban growth boundaries are essential to any successful city planning effort, especially where rapid development is expected, like that of Lang Ya City Group. Such boundaries are established to offer both a higher quality use of developed land and to limit the consumption of valuable land for other resources: farming, tourism, recreation, scenic beauty, water and air quality management, and bio eco reserves. Where nossible, cities and coastal villages are nested north into foothills or coastal headlands, and not on steep slopes, summits or headlands.

It is clear from our investigation that no building structure should be higher than Lang Ya Tai, to preserve the beauty of the mountain, and to ensure that Lang Ya Tai remains the most important symbol in the area — the pre-eminent brand of Lang Ya. We recommend that no buildings be built with a height exceeding 100-meters above sea level, thus providing a distinct contrast to the regional topography. Height limits are not from the ground of the building, but are the absolute altitude. Of course, historic, symbolic, and other tourism structures may be an exception. In addition, building construction is not allowed in areas where the ground is higher than 30-meters above sea level. No building construction is planned in the identified flood plains - only farmland

The master plan has been developed with careful consideration of Edges. Edges help set the bounds of neighborhoods where a community can feel engaged and connected to the place they live. The energy and quality of experience in city plans comes from the edges: the sea and its beaches, mountains and the views, parks as open space, active city squares, institutional lands with social activities, and neighborhoods transitioning one to the next. We can outline the character and integrity where topography, watercourses, and views are considered important, and begin to establish the branding for the City Group. Exceptions should always be taken carefully; prominent City Hall and government buildings are good reasons, within city boundaries, for speons that promote cultural and civic symbols. These symbols should have 边界之外,保持城市的活力和多样性。一些具有历史和人文景观意义的小村 spectacular views and status. Also, historic, culturally significant and recreational 庄,应得到妥善保护及利用,它不但可以促进旅游业发展,并保持了这个地区的 structures can be carefully integrated outside the growth boundaries for vitality and diversity to the planning program. Small village preservation and adaptive reuse in 建设的拓展过界、突出城市功能团的线条、巧妙勾画社区的自然边界、谨慎 specialty areas will benefit tourism and maintain the character and diversity of the region. Within these guidelines, our plan for Lang Ya City Group strongly defines bold and clear edges for experience and for growth.

往风景区和海滩的要求。然而,城区的发展又可以将日益增长的人口密度控制 地是最珍贵的稀有资源,如果我们千方百计地保护它,保持其生态稳定性和景 观的秀丽,那么它将始终是个巨大的聚宝盆,提供巨大的经济发展财富。

下表列除了2020年各个市区的目标人口情况

85% of the 2020 target population of Lang Ya City group resides in the urban areas north of the Specialty Farmland. It is this population density that creates the critical mass for economic success, and simultaneously allows for eco green land and the spacious character of Lang Ya Tourism Park. Demand for resort and recreational living will expand as the economy grows and developable coastal lands diminish. As the tourism, recreational and leisure benefits are understood, it will be essential to offer appropriate access. It is our intention with the development of Crystal City to have a controlled and practical solution to this demand - a large number of people will have easy access to the natural beauty. But development, which might otherwise destroy that beauty, is contained within the high-density community. Coastal land is a most important and limited resource. It can remain a powerful source of wealth, eco-stability, and aesthetic joy if we consider solutions to preserve it while providing

The population table shows the target population for each urban area in 2020

	人口规模和密度	Population & Densities	13 2/5	面积(平方公里)	人口密度 (每平方公里人数)	目标人口	城镇总人口
				Square km	Population per sq km	Target Population	Town Total Population
	1.1	琅琊公园村	Lang Ya Park Village	1.0	5,000	5,000	
	1.3	海洋研究所社区	Marine Institute Community	0.4	6,250	2,500	
	2.0	水晶城	Crystal City	2.0	15,000	30,000	
	3.0	温泉度假村	Health Spa & Resort Village	2.0	3,000	6,000	
	3.1	企业旅游村	Entrepreneurial Tourism Village	1.5	6,250	9,400	
	3.2	南岸旅游村	South Coast Tourism Village	0.9	6,250	5,600	
5	4.0a	琅琊镇市中心	Lang Ya Town Central	2.7	15,000	40,500	74,500
	4.0b	琅琊镇市区	Lang Ya Town Urban	2.0	10,000	20,000	
	4.0c	琅琊镇郊区	Lang Ya Town Suburban	2.0	7,000	14,000	
	5.3	南头旅游村	South Point Village	1.5	5,000	7,500	
	6.0a	泊里镇市中心	Boli Central	4.3	15,000	64,500	97,300
	6.0b	泊里镇市区	Boli Urban	2.4	10,000	24,000	
	6.0c	泊里镇郊区	Boli Suburban	1.4	6,250	8,800	
		市区人口总计	Total Urban Population	24	9,900	237,800	
\		重工业总人口	Heavy & Medium Industry	6			
}		轻工业总人口	Light & Medium Industry	8			
	550	开发区总面积	Total Developed Area	38			
~		琅琊规划组团总 面积	Lang Ya Planning Area	100	2,378		

现在世界范围内都流行新城市主义。新城市主义之所以盛行是因为他一贯主 New urbanism is reflected in the vital and prosperous urban areas from around the 杂因素对一个地区的影响巨大,但步行街和社区之间的交流和连接的影响是不 可忽视的。社区不再是一个简单的大商贸区,它需要有当地特色的和文化认同 感的社区服务。一个成功的社区包括其美丽的自然边界、社区中心、活动中 心、不同层次和不同款式的房子、交通便利、娱乐方便——所有这些都是优 秀社区的重要组成。人们希望社区尊敬、期望和认可他们的创造性,而不仅是 拥有一个物资的空间。现代设计必须体现社区和人的追求,要有社区的认同 感。一个社区所拥有的艺术、建筑、象征物及其他设计标志可以生动地体现 出其持续高涨的发展热忱和文化。运用这些进行城市规划的原则所设计的社 区,并加上绿色城市设计和超前思维的设计理念,一个成功的新城市的规划蓝 图肯定是光彩夺目的。

张社区内传统的步行街和步行文化。虽然权力、利益、文化认同等多方面复 world. What makes such urbanism successful is the traditional belief in walk-able neighborhoods. Even where the complexities of power, profit and identity affect such places, the consistent thread is pedestrian and close-knit neighborhoods. Rather than a single commercial and retail district, there needs to be distinct neighborhood services with a local identity. Edge, center, gathering places, multiple scale and different types of housing, easy access to transportation and recreation - all shape the components of successful neighborhoods. It is understood that people respect, desire and value creativity in their living environment, not just the manufacturing of commodity space. Contemporary design must express a district's and its people's aspirations; then it becomes a neighborhood with an identity. Such a district's urban stew of art, architecture, symbols and other design elements can suggest that culture needs to remain a reliable catalyst for development. When these urban planning principles for successful neighborhoods are combined with green urbanism, forward-thinking successful new cities result!



The potential and value of this district is of great importance for Lang Ya City Group's future. The most significant aspects are those based on the historic archeology of Lang Ya Tai and the natural beauty of the mountains and their proximity to the sea. Recreational access and serious educational tourism opportunities abound. The setting boasts the classic coastal beauty of marine headlands, long elegant beaches and rocky outcrops. The tourist areas must be integrated with nature while contributing to a fishing and education-driven local economy. As the park develops, it is essential that only structures of historic symbolism have predominance. Such elements as supporting villages, nearby services, entertainment centers, recreational architecture and facilities need to be visually subordinate to the history and natural beauty, through height restrictions and urban growth boundaries.



焦点 1: 琅琊旅游公园

Focus 1: Lang Ya Tourism Park

1.0 琅琊台

琅琊台是琅琊组团的中心和标志。作为一个"活公园",它显示了这个地区的 繁荣。公园以步行游览为主,进口处设公园管理办公室、纪念品店、旅游服 务商店。北部入口靠近滨海公路出口,有一个消防站。南部入口靠近琅琊公 园的旅游区。为限制园内车辆,游人入园游览需附少量费用,而市民可以免费 入园游览。公园入口处及旅游服务区都设有停车场。琅琊台的东部可以俯瞰 公园内现有的一些建筑物需拆除或改建,以保持整体风格的一致。琅琊台有一 种永恒的气质,通过精心开发,我们可以使这种气质更加突显。

1.1 琅琊公园村

需要对城区再加以绿化。渔村应给人以愉快好玩的感觉,有如加州的山沙丽 多Sansalito市、佛罗里达州的西匙Keywest城、缅因州的肯尼邦波特Kennebunkport市、意大利的清珂佛萨Chingquefersa市和希腊的波多河丽Porto Heli市的特点。艺术家可以来此居住,并小规模制作艺术品。游人在此可以买 族馆、旅游表演馆、饭店,本地区渔业历史展览馆及一些具有本地历史事件的 匾雕和碑刻,以教育人们。这里还应设立一个旅游服务培训中心,制定旅游服 rants, historical references to fishing in the area, and educational plaques describing 务标准、培训人员,让他们充分体现琅琊组团旅游业的精神风貌。

我们规划一条小马路把渔村和附近岛屿连接起来,行人和自行车(及救护车),也 可能有电车,可以在小马路上行驶;但机动车辆则不允许上到小岛上。花上一 个下午在小岛上漫步,一边呼吸着咸咸的空气,一边欣赏着独特的风景,这将是

琅琊公园村的东面是一个历史码头遗迹。公元前219年,秦始皇在这个地方把 成百上千的童男童女送往日本。这个码头在视觉上又实际上与琅琊台相连。 游人可以从这个码头一直走到山顶。在了解了这个地区的历史后,游人可以参 观小渔村,参加其中的许多娱乐活动。

(商业渔业、钓鱼运动、历史景点,艺术社区、艺术加工、游客娱乐、旅游服 务、食宿、旅游培训中心。目标人口:6,300)

1.0 Lang Ya Tai

Lang Ya Tai is the central feature and defining symbol of Lang Ya. As a "living park", it celebrates the success of the area. The park experience focuses on pedestrians. Park entrances include park administration offices, gift shops and tourism services. The north entrance is near a Coastal Road exit, and has a fire station. The south entrance is near the tourism area of Lang Ya Park Village. To limit automobile traffic in the park, visitors pay a small fee, while residents may enter at no charge. Parking is available at park entrances and tourism services areas. The east side of Lang Ya Tai, overlooking the sea, has only bicycle trails and pedestrian walkways (with accommodations for emergency vehicles). Existing monuments remain undisturbed, while the museum and gift shops are enhanced, and the area is integrated into the region's transportation network. Some existing buildings within the park area must either be removed or remodeled to be consistent with the program. Lang Ya Tai has a quality of timelessness, which can be enhanced by careful development

1.1 Lang Ya Park Village

This will be a major fishing center, and will offer a large harbor for commercial fishing boats as well as for sports fishing. The village is considered within the park boundary, so zoning and building codes will follow park standards and will require a "greening" of the city. The village will have a feeling of fun and playfulness, with attributes represented by towns such as Sausalito, California, Key West, Florida, Kennebunkport, Maine, Chinqueterra, Italy, and Porto Heli, Greece. It will support artists, entrepreneurial businesses such and bed and breakfasts, and small-scale artisan manufacturing. Tourists will be able to buy interesting craft items and to also see how they are made. Amenities will include museums, an aquarium, tourist shows, restauthe local historic events. The Tourism Training Center will establish standards and train employees to represent Lang Ya City Group in the tourism industry.

A small roadway will connect the village to the nearby island, and will support pedestrian and bicycle traffic (and emergency vehicles), and perhaps a tram. Automobiles will not be allowed on the island. The island is a wonderful way to spend an afternoon wandering and savoring the unique views and salt air.

To the east of the village is the historic port where the first Qing emperor dispatched thousands of boys and girls to Japan in 219 B.C. This port will be connected, both visually and physically to Lang Ya Tai, allowing visitors to walk from the port to the top of the mountain. After learning of the history of the area, tourists will be able to enjoy the facilities of a working fishing village that also provides abundant tourist

(Commercial fishing, sports fishing, historical attractions, art community, artisan industry, tourist amenities, tourism services and residences, bed and breakfast lodging, Tourism Training Center. Target population: 6,300.)



Easy automobile access is provided to the park through limited vehicular exits from the Coastal Road. To consider and minimize long-term traffic congestion, a well-planned public transit network will move great numbers of people. This right-of-way based transit can be light rail, tram or limited guide-way buses - for simplicity, the rest of this book refers to "light rail". Links to the greater regional transportation systems support the success of the local network, while providing efficient connections with Qingdao, national and international destinations. These masstransit rights-of-way must be functional and efficient while providing diverse and beautiful experiences in the Park and urban area. Supplementing the larger scale transportation systems is an abundance of walkways and bikeways that make the whole park accessible in a more relaxed way without the impression of crowding or over-use. The amount of land designated for the Park is necessary to accommodate the long-range growth in the Lang Ya City Group. The Park's proximity to adjoining ecological and productive lands for farming and industry extend the poten-





这是一个旅游娱乐和文化教育的中心。附近的龙湾沙滩可保护利用,作为公共娱乐场地;沙滩上有游泳及其他娱乐设施。这儿全年提供文化教育和娱乐服务。例如,可以利用这个公园举行各种多元文化教育展,分别展示中国和日本的风俗传统;附近,可建造一些历史村,再现中国人和日本人在公元前219年可能是如何生活的。这些公园有可能成为游人全年经常光顾的地方。另外,可以通过在园内设置韩国村、韩国园,显示黄海文化,从而进一步突出中日两国在历史上的联系和中、日、韩人民的友好纽带。

旅游活动应有广泛地社会、经济吸引力。这将进一步促进经济的发展。随着中国中产阶级人数的增多,象琅琊这样的度假中心将成为巨大的经济发展的驱动力量。

(旅游服务、旅游娱乐、沙滩活动、博物馆、花园、旅游教育小亭子)

1.3 海洋研究所社区

海洋研究所社区的重点在于建设一个海洋生物和海滨保护的研究教育中心。它可以与青岛或北京某所主要大学合作,为该中心及其服务的社会带来研究便利和经济利益。相邻的胡家山村将沿着为大学和研究功能配套的方向发展。这个村内也将设置小旅馆,向游人提供食宿服务。战略上而言,海洋研究中心应设在海边,靠近海边沼泽地、新建淡水湖和渔业养殖场。研究成果可以支持附近渔场,高科技养鱼村(山东头)和琅琊旅游村。

(研究中心,教育,旅游中心,可居住,目标人口2,500)

1.2 Affordable Tourism Communit

This is a center for tourist entertainment and cultural education. Nearby dragon beach is preserved for public use and enjoyment. Beach facilities include watercraft, swimming, and other recreational activities. Year-round tourist destination facilities will offer cultural education as well as entertainment. For example, a cross-cultural education exhibit could accompany a pair of gardens illustrating Chinese and Japanese traditions; nearby reproduction villages show historical examples of how Chinese and Japanese peoples might have lived in 219 BC. The gardens have the added potential to be the primary year-round tourist destination of the local community. To contrast the Chinese-Japanese historic connection an example of Korean villages and gardens could fill out the Yellow Sea Cultures.

Tourism activities should be designed to have broad socio-economic appeal. This will speed achievement of critical mass for economic activity. As the middle class Chinese population grows, vacation areas such as this will become a significant economic driver.

(Tourism services, tourist entertainment, beach activity, museums, gardens, tourist educational kiosks.)

1.3 Marine Institute Community

This community is focused on a research and education center for marine biology and coastal preservation. Its association with a major university institution in Qingdao or Beijing will provide research and economic benefits to the institutions and to the communities that they serve. The adjacent village (Hujiashan) will develop to support university and research functions. This village will be also support visitors in small Inns and Bed & Breakfast accommodations. The Marine Institute is strategically located on the sea, near saltwater marshes, a new fresh water lake, and production fish farming. Research will support the nearby fish farms, High Technology Fishing Village (Shandongtou), and Lang Ya Park Village.

(Research institute, education, tourism center, support residences. Target population: 2,500.)

焦点 1: 琅琊旅游公园 Focus1: Lang Ya Tourism Park

1.4 山海公园

山海公园是个风景秀丽的区域,应设为省级公园。在保护其重要的生态系统的同时,可方便大众对海滩的利用。山海公园内部原始自然风光无限美。作为公园对土地影响少,保持了地域的原野和自然,提高了公园的吸引力。山海公园创造了一个绿色长廊,把车轮山度假区和水晶城及其它密集人口社区隔开来。公园会吸引无数的游人,无论是从林间穿行,或是在绿色群山中或滨海小路上漫步,或者在小河边垂钓,或者在林间野餐,在沙滩上闲逛,抑或者在蓝色的大海里畅游,都是大自然赐给琅琊的无穷的欢乐。

(野餐、徒步、边欣赏风景边驾驶、游泳)

1.5 车轮山度假区

车轮山度假区这一五星级的度假 中心将以其清代建筑风格迎接四面八方的投资者和游客。白天从这个拥有300-400个床位的度假中心望去,可看到度假区海边的高尔夫球场、龙湾和琅琊台;夜晚则能享受水晶城璀灿的灯光。这里山与海的连结景色优美、充满生机,投资机会会很多。人们可搭乘往返客车方便地到水晶城购物、娱乐,或者转乘大区交通系统前往其它地方。游人可以从青岛或机场乘高速快艇先到水晶城,然后再只需花上几分钟,便可到达车轮山度假中心。

这个地区将建设琅琊组团内两个高尔夫球场之一。靠近温泉度假区的高尔夫球场将向公众开放。但车轮山度假中心的高尔夫球场只对度假中心的客人、俱乐部会员和职业球员开放。由于这个球场靠近海边,交通便利,它具有举行国际高尔夫球赛的潜力。它也在海滨创造了新的美感视觉和生态效果。

为使这个度假中心升值并保持其独立性,应通过投标仅确定一家公司进行开发。如在开发前期招标,其成果可以借助来开发琅琊台旅游区。

(旅馆 温泉 专用旅游服务 世界级高尔夫球场)

1.6 高技术渔村(山东头)

有了海洋研究机构的支持,这个村将从事可持续海洋渔业、商业养殖、捕捞。这个区在规划范围外,我们的总体规划没有包括这个村的细节内容。

(滨海渔场、商业渔业捕捞、渔民住宅、目标人口2,500)

1.4 Mountain to Sea Park

This scenic provincial park uses its existing natural beauty and offers easy beach access while preserving the essential eco-system; such low-impact management of the land, while retaining a wilderness character, enhances the park. It creates a large green belt that connects the mountains to the sea, while separating the Chelun Mountain Resort from Crystal City and other dense uses. Park facilities will invite the public to take a peaceful woodland drive, hike along green mountain and coastal trails, fish in the rivers, enjoy picnics among the trees, walk along the beautiful sand beaches, and swim in the ocean.

(Picnicking, hiking, scenic drive, swimming.)

1.5 Chelun Mountain Resort

This five star resort, in the Qing style, will welcome and entertain investors and international visitors. Daytime views from the 300-400 bed hotel include a world class golf course along the coast, Dragon Bay, and Lang Ya Tai, while night views reveal the sparkling appeal of Crystal City. The linkage between mountains and sea will be strong, and the opportunities for investment will be palpable. A shuttle provides efficient access to Crystal City for shopping and entertainment, as well as a link to the superb regional transit system. A visitor could arrive from Qingdao or the airport via high-speed ferry to Crystal City, and then arrive at the Chelun Mountain Resort only minutes later.

This area will host one of two golf resorts in the Lang Ya Tai City Group. The golf course near the Health Spa Community will be open to the public, and the course at Chelun Mountain Resort will be an exclusive club for guests of the resort, for club members, and for professional golfers. With its coastal views and good transportation access, this golf course has potential to host an international golf championship. The golf course also creates low visual and ecological impact on the coast.

To increase the value and perceived exclusivity of this resort, development should be open to only one company via a bidding process. If done early in the development process, proceeds from the bid can be used to develop the Lang Ya Tai Tourism Zone.

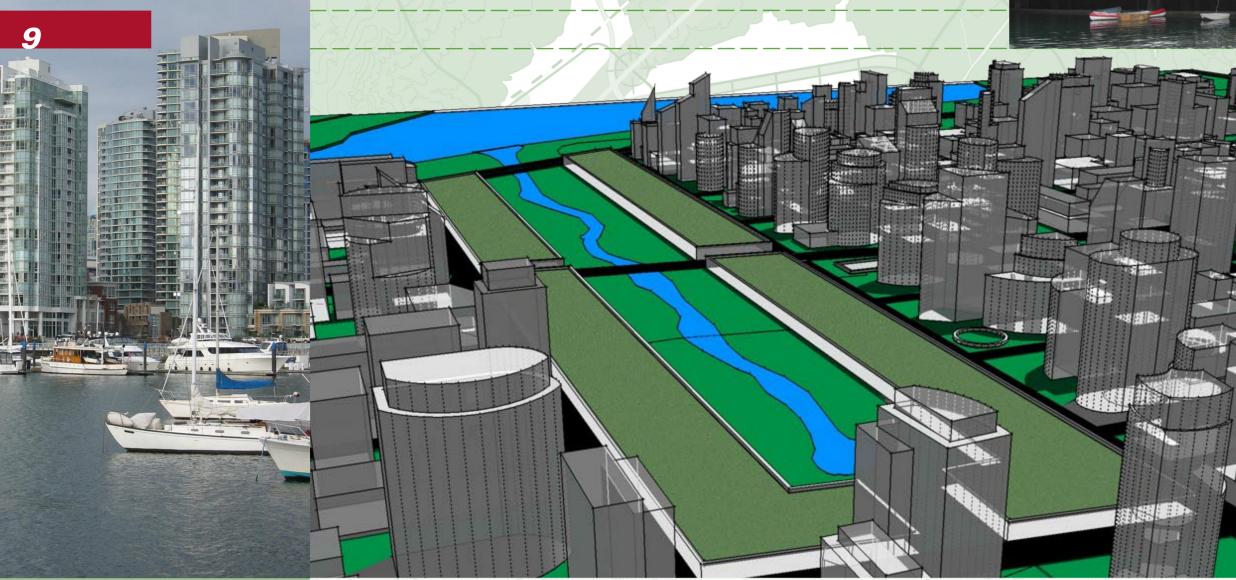
1.6 High Technology Fishing Village (Shandongtou)

Assisted through research at the Marine Institute, this village will implement commercial production of sustainable-farmed and ocean fisheries. This is outside the planning area, and we have not included details of this village in our master plan.

(Coastal fish farms, commercial fishing, fisherman residences. Target population:







焦点 2: 水晶城 Focus 2: Crystal City

2.0 水晶城:

旅游圣地的无比典雅。这是一个人们所向往的生活、工作和娱乐的都市。我 们建议主导建筑风格为绿色、节能、整洁的玻璃造型(不是反光的玻璃镜)。 这个晶莹的花园城市坐落在北部群山之中,可非常便利地通往滨海公路、琅琊 镇、附近山脉和龙湾。从水晶城,人们可以全方位欣赏到各种壮观的景点,南 方有古老的琅琊台,东方有开阔的龙湾和大海,西方有风景如画的农田。四面 八方都可以感觉到天地之开阔!在这个生机勃勃的地方,我们的规划考虑了高 密度国际居住区和宾馆区,提供丰富的娱乐资源和一流的旅游服务。这是一个

在这个城市的中心,我们设计了长达一公里的三层商贸长廊一"琅琊商 了弯弯曲曲的潺潺流水,象征龙的祥气,以彰显龙湾的波浪之美。 商城也是琅 琊组团轻轨终点站。人们可以乘坐轻轨方便地前往公园、市区、工业区及其 他重要地区。水晶城的独特性由它与琅琊台历史公园之间的微妙距离、各种 丰富的旅游活动和方便的交通而进一步突显。

这是一个独特的国际海滨度假中心,它有着绿化良好的公共大道,有通往群山 及公园的小路,并且有着直通南面的旅游码头。水晶城将是一个国际投资热 点城市,这是城市经济发展的源泉。一旦青岛通往此地的滨海公路贯通,这个 地方的人口增长将有足够的驱动力加速城市发展。我们认为水晶城可建设各 种公寓和住宅区,满足3万居民的居住,还可以建造各种出租公寓、酒店、度假 村,容纳3万游客。由此到2020年,这个地区可以容纳6万人。

(投资公寓楼,国际商务楼,商城,艺术画廊,剧院,俱乐部,饭店,游艇,帆船等旅游 服务设施。)

2.0 Crystal City:

Transparent green-glass residential and hotel towers mark the sophisticated elegance of this lifestyle-oriented urban and tourism Mecca — a Hip live-work-play zone. We recommend concrete structures with clear green-colored energy-efficient glass (no mirror glass) as the dominant building style. This sparkling garden city is nested into the northern mountains, with excellent access to the Coastal Road, Lang Ya Town, the nearby mountains and Dragon Bay. The city enjoys spectacular and panoramic views south to Historic Lang Ya Tai, east to the expanse of Dragon Bay and the sea, south and west to scenic farmlands — a real perception of open lands in all directions! This dynamic place is planned with intentionally dense residential and hotel areas, 建设剧院、画廊、俱乐部、商店、饭店、游艇和帆船俱乐部和其它休闲设施 and with abundant entertainment and tourism services. It is the home of theaters, galleries, clubs, shopping, restaurants, boating and sailing clubs, and other lifestyle

> The centerpiece of the city is a kilometer-long three-story Shopping and Service Gallery, "The mall at Lang Ya", with a continuous park median connecting the mountains to the sea, oriented to Lang Ya Tai. The watercourse within this garden retail zone will flow in the shape of a Dragon, thus celebrating the beauty of the waves of Dragon Bay. The Mall acts as the terminus for the Lang Ya City Group light rail service; the light rail allows for easy public transit to the tourism parks, urban zones, and industrial areas as well as connections to the greater region. Exclusivity of Crystal City is enhanced by its subtle separation from the Historic Lang Ya Tai Park and the general tourism activities, while providing efficient access to those areas.

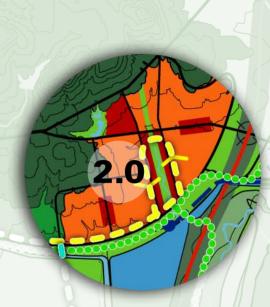
> This is a unique international coastal resort neighborhood with generous public landscaped streets, with mountain and park trails, and with a sweeping south-facing promenade on the tourist harbor. Crystal City is an investment zone, a powerful source for economic development contained within urban growth boundaries. There is enough density to facilitate rapid growth once the Coastal Road opens from Qingdao. We anticipate this unique neighborhood to support 30,000 people in owner condominiums and working resident apartments, offering another 30,000 visitors accommodations through apartment rentals and hotel rooms. Thus for the 2020 time period this zone accommodates a total of 60,000 people.

> (Investment condominiums, international business services, high-end retail, art galleries, theaters, clubs, restaurants, boating, sailing, and tourism services. Target population: 30,000 with additional accommodation for 30,000 visitors.)

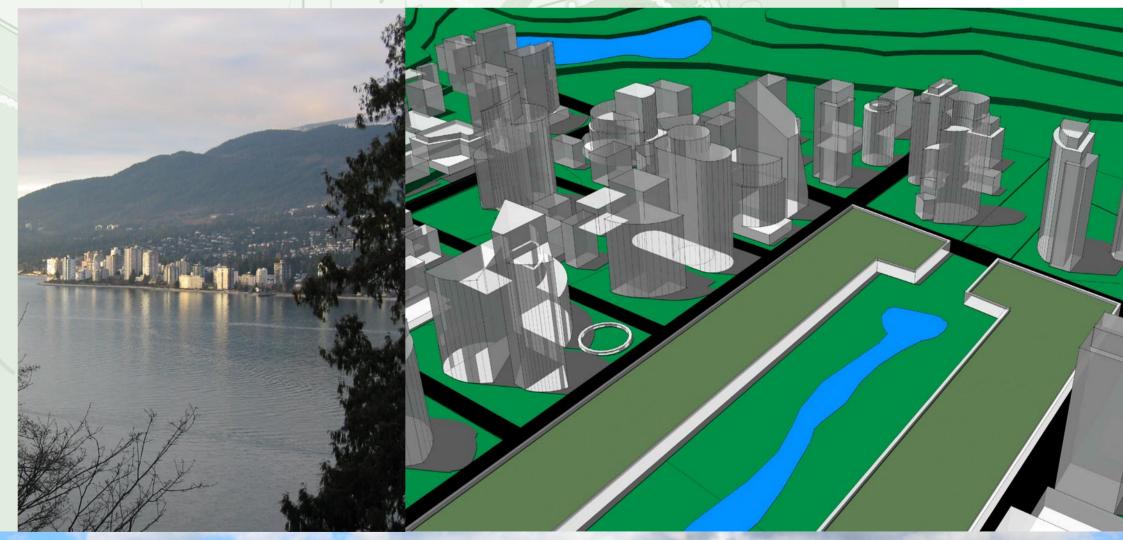
吴乐活动包括:钓鱼、滑水、帆伞运动、小皮艇、独木舟、帆船及摩托艇运 晶城支持并从中受益。一个可行的方案是用港湾清理出的淤泥垫高城区,以 庆得俯视滨海大道的视野 。滨海大道与港湾入口相交处应架设一座桥梁,以

2.1 Small Boat Harbor:

Just south of Crystal City is a man-made salt-water yacht harbor; this boat basin provides for a concentration of marine services: sailing and boat training facilities, a passenger ferry dock, tour boats, a marina for private yachts, and access to recreational boating services. Recreational usage could include: sport fishing, water skiing, parasailing, kayaking, canoeing, sailing and motorboat rentals. The boat harbor is a valuable public amenity, both supporting and benefiting from its close association to Crystal City. A practical opportunity comes from using the dredging fill from the new harbor to elevate the city zone for maximum views above the coastal highway. The coastal highway will require a bridge over the harbor inlet, constructed for the passage of sailboats. A second bridge is for bicycle and pedestrian use, connecting the "Lang Ya Park Mall" with Dragon Bay Beach and Lang Ya Tai.









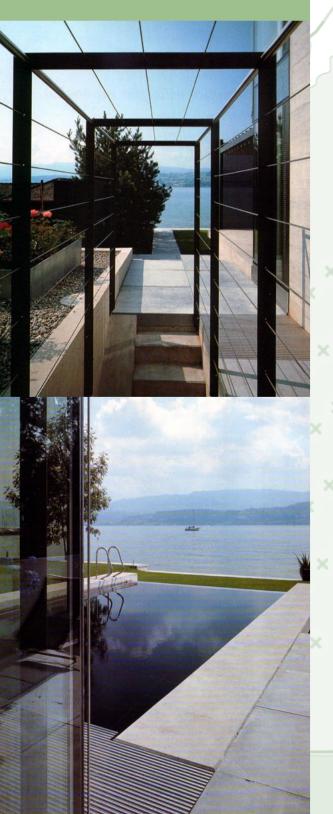
所有成功的经济发展,都来自于根据不同的设施和地点的 资源,满足不同的需求。琅琊公园是一个主要的地区、国 家、或国际级的景点,各种阶层的人都可以到此休闲,寻

The success in any economic development comes from recognizing the value of different facilities and places to serve differing requirements. The Lang Ya Park is seen as a major regional, national and international attraction, where a multitude of people can come for recreation, history, learning and experience. Crystal City offers the urban alternative of intense lifestyle experience and exciting opportunities for investment housing in that prime and hip location. The Coastal Spa and Golf resort zone offers an alternative to the other more intense



焦点 3: 海滨温泉和高尔夫度假区

Focus 3: Coastal Spa and Golf Resort



3.0 保健温泉和海滨度假村(蒲湾)

在滨海开发区的这个地方,设有几个环保型的保健温泉度假中心,供人们疗养 休息。这个区偏重于放松和休闲。一个一流的公共高尔夫公园和培训中心将 闻名半岛。这是一个令人愉快的地方。附近居民和游客有机会在这里体验高 尔夫运动的魅力。人们也可以沿海边的木栈道或自行车道漫游,放松身心,调 纯的感觉。整个琅琊组团的规划展示当代绿色设计理念,并提供最优化可持 续经济发展的前景。这个村犹如一个独特的小宇宙,集聚了组团绿色设计的理 念,充分体现了组团内对都市发展和旅游业开发的最佳经济利益的追求。

(保健温泉,高档次住宅区,旅游服务,公共高尔夫球场目标人口:6,000)

3.1 企业旅游村(尹家圈)

的山脊将工业区与旅游区隔开,这山脊一直向南延伸,形成了半岛及许多美丽 观光游览经济。这个海边小村将是经理、商家、企业家们居住的地方。除适 于居住外,这个地区有轮渡与水陆相通,又有美丽的沙滩和可供休闲的海滨陆 角。这些都是它绝妙的旅游资源

(经理和企业主的住宅区,旅游服务,游客度假村,企业研究所及培训中心目标人

3.0 Health Spa and Resort Coastal Village (Puwan)

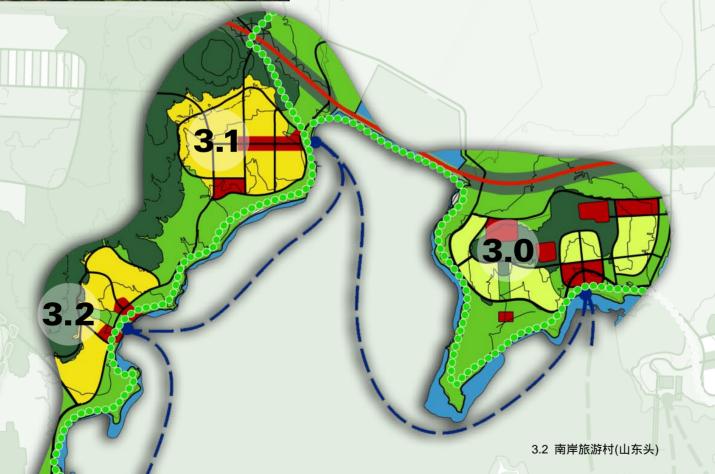
In this area of coastal development, several environmentally focused Heath Spa Resorts cater to healing and rejuvenation. Activities are directed to a relaxing and rehabilitation lifestyle. A first class public golf park and training center claims the peninsula - a delightful place that affords residents and tourists the opportunity to enjoy the benefits of the game. Coastal boardwalks and meandering bikeways allow for relaxed and rejuvenating exercise along the seacoast. The character of this town resides in the tonic of green nature, where no building rises above three stories. All streets, walkways and parks are filled with soft lawns, shady trees and brilliant flowers — a high quality of relaxation and comfort is seen as important. Nearby fine homes and condominiums offer local residents (either permanent or seasonal) the comfort of the seacoast. There are no tall resort towers here. The first-class residences, tourism hotel spas all benefit from the carefully selected amenities, public golf course and accessible tourism services. This area has the character of an intimate, low-density coastal California town, similar to Santa Barbara, where spas are purposely located on the ridge top with facilities for health and recuperative services. Spa buildings will be sophisticated, ecologically sensitive earth structures facing south, reinforcing the sense of living lightly on the earth in a healing and pure way. The whole of Lang Ya City Group is an opportunity to manifest contemporary Green Design to maximum economic sustainability. This village exhibits a unique microcosm where economic profitability is in the full expression of Green Design integrated with urban development and tourism for the Lang Ya City Group.

(Health spas, first-class residences, tourism services, public golf course. Target popu-

3.1 Entrepreneurial Tourism Village (Yijiaquan)

This northern-most of the western coastal towns is in the area of tourism as it nears and bridges to the industrial centers. Here the north-south ridge separates the industrial and tourism zones, and extends south to form a peninsula with pleasant coastal headlands. Entrepreneurial Tourism Village is situated closest to the new coastal highway, has the easiest access to Boli and Lang Ya Towns, and offers a perfect setting for a new Entrepreneurship Institute and Training Center. Such an institute will coordinate with both tourist and industrial activities and further the connection between the two. The Institute will train area entrepreneurs to operate small businesses, and will sponsor Internet web sites that help drive tourism to small businesses. This seacoast village will act as residential neighborhoods for managers, business owners and entrepreneurs. In addition to these residential characteristics, the area's water access through ferry service, beaches and recreational headlands all provide excellent

(Residences for managers and business owners; tourism services; tourist housing, Entrepreneurship Institute and Training Center. Target population: 9,000.)



商界领袖人物一个舒适的社区。这里还应建一些小酒店,为游客提供住宿和早 餐服务,并提供游客一个轻松愉快的海滩。

(经理和企业主的住宅区,度假别墅,旅游服务,旅游小酒店;目标人口:5,600)



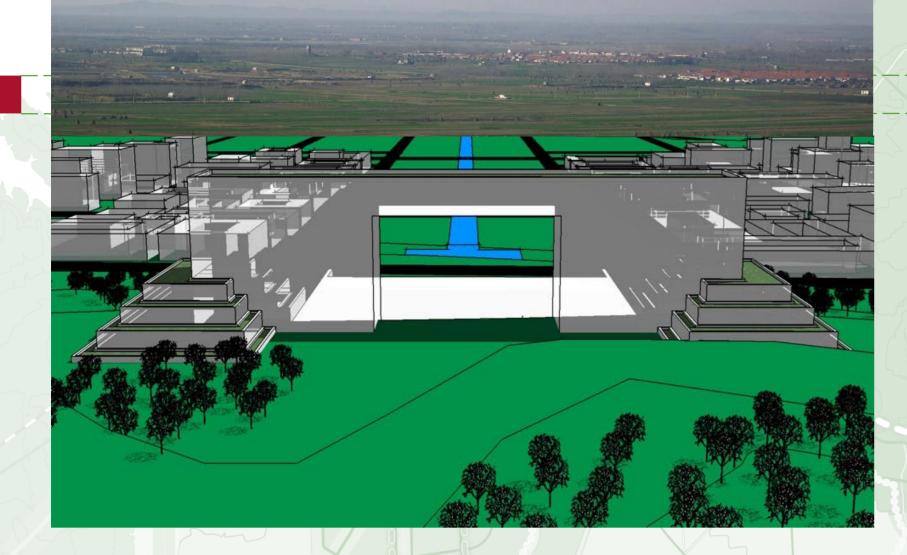
3.2 South Coast Tourism Village (Sashougou)

这个独立的旅游村位于半岛陆角的西部,位置独特。它位于工业区的另一 This independent village holds a unique location along the western side of the penin-侧,以山脊分隔。它适合于建设高档次的度假村和住宅区,提供给政府官员和 sula headlands. It is on the other side of the ridge from the local industries and offers an excellent neighborhood for upscale vacation homes and for local regional government and business leaders' permanent residences. Small Inns and Bed & Breakfast accommodations should be the primary lodging for visitors; an ambiance of low-key relaxed seashore experience should be the order of the day.

> (Residences for managers and business owners; vacation homes; tourism services; small-scale tourist accommodations. Target population: 6,300.)







焦点 4: 琅琊镇

Focus 4: Lang YaTown

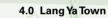
琅琊镇是琅琊组团的市政管理中心和政府所在地。新设计的城区座落在北部 群山中,并设定海拔30米等高线为新城区扩展的海拔高度上限。新城区的地理 位置,突出了该城市座北朝南的开阔视野和改善了城市的环境质量。有北部群 山的保护和充分利用朝南的日照等优势,琅琊镇将会更加美丽宜人。新城区的 尊严、融和、科学和开放。在这个通往大海的中轴线的两旁由郁郁葱葱的树 木所装扮,其北端,是一个小山林和城市公园。绝佳的风景,连同向阳展开的大 草坪,与市政中心近在咫尺,将是整个城市最辉煌的景点。

紧邻小山林和城市公园南面的市政中心屹立着新的市府大楼,它是一座宏伟庄 翅飞翔的翅膀,它与山势相呼应,其间点缀花园,既美丽又充分利用了光能。它 参托着市政府中心的权威,又同时激发整个地区沿着生态及绿色设计规划的方 向向前发展。自然,市政府大楼所有的办公室、场所或者面向大海或者面对青 山,其优雅的工作环境,肯定会令人神往。

市府大楼广场往下是一条200多米宽的林荫大道,向南一直通向大海。这个林 荫大道可用于举行各种功能的公众活动和服务。这里是生动多样的街区生活 的一个很好的缩影。琅琊也应该是游人感兴趣和向往的地方!在琅琊镇的南部 是可持续农业研究中心,中心里有多块试验田,用于研究、学习及进行有机栽 培、水栽和盆栽等实验。

琅琊镇的总体布局和欧洲的城市相似。不同区域对建筑物高度实现不同的限 利用;再向外层为小规模建筑,一般为3-7层;最外围密度最低,多为3-5层的建

琅琊镇是组团经济发展策划和管理的中心。它将是整个区域的电信和技术基 础设施的中心,也是组团的数字枢纽。它也将建一所重点大学的分校。



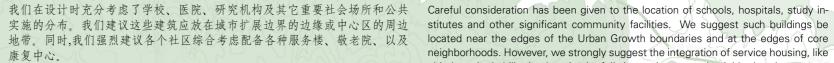
Lang Ya Town is the administrative center and the seat of government for the Lang Ya City Group. This city zone is nested into and among the northern mountains, not to exceed the 30-meter base topography elevation. This positioning increases views while improving the environmental quality of the city. Lang Ya Town benefits from the protection of the north mountains and the south-facing sun's life giving energy. A central axis proudly connects the mountains to the sea, aligning symbolically with the new marine research institute on the coast. Just north and beginning this grand corridor to the sea, lined with a beautiful course of trees, is a mountain/city park for the people of Lang Ya Town to enjoy. Dramatic views, sunny open meadows and easy proximity to the city center make this a core asset.

Just south and purposely engaged within the south-facing mountain land form of Lang Ya Town Park is the new City Hall - a powerful square arch form, acting both as the gateway to the mountains and as a framed vista to the sea. This fine example of environmental architecture will be consciously integrated with the landform to the north with the wings stepping up to reflect mountain topography; it will be covered with gardens for energy benefits and beauty. This is an extraordinary opportunity to symbolize the center of governmental authority while inspiring the whole region towards an ecological and green design future. All offices and activities of this governmental center face either the sea or the mountains.

From the elevated City Hall plaza a 200-meter wide boulevard park leads south towards the sea. This boulevard is intentionally abundant with mixed-use activities and public services. Here is an excellent opportunity for a lively and diverse street life - Lang Ya also deserves to be an interesting and inquiring place for visiting tourists. Situated at the south extent of Lang Ya Town is the Sustainable Farming Institute for research, with extensive test gardens for study, research, and training of organic,

Lang Ya Town's general plan is similar in form to European models. Building heights are generally restricted in zones: the zone in front of City Hall is limited to 5 stores; the remaining central city core is limited to 7-12 story structures with intensive mix use; the next ring of development is lower in scale: 3-7 story buildings with mixed use; the periphery has the lowest density with 3-5 story buildings.

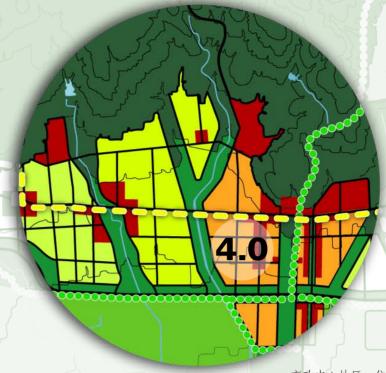
Lang Ya Town is the center of ongoing economic planning and brand managment for the City Group, and will be the focus of the telecommunications and technology infrastructure; it will act as the digital hub for the City Group. It will also host a branch of a major university.



商业街及公共服务区都应设在各社区的中心。我们认为所有社区的规划应做 到便于人们不用花多少时间可步行前往所需服务的场所。此外,轻轨站和公园 的设置也应方便人们,设在较短的步行范围,以降低日常生活中开车出行的需

located near the edges of the Urban Growth boundaries and at the edges of core neighborhoods. However, we strongly suggest the integration of service housing, like elderly and rehabilitation housing be fully integral to general neighborhoods.

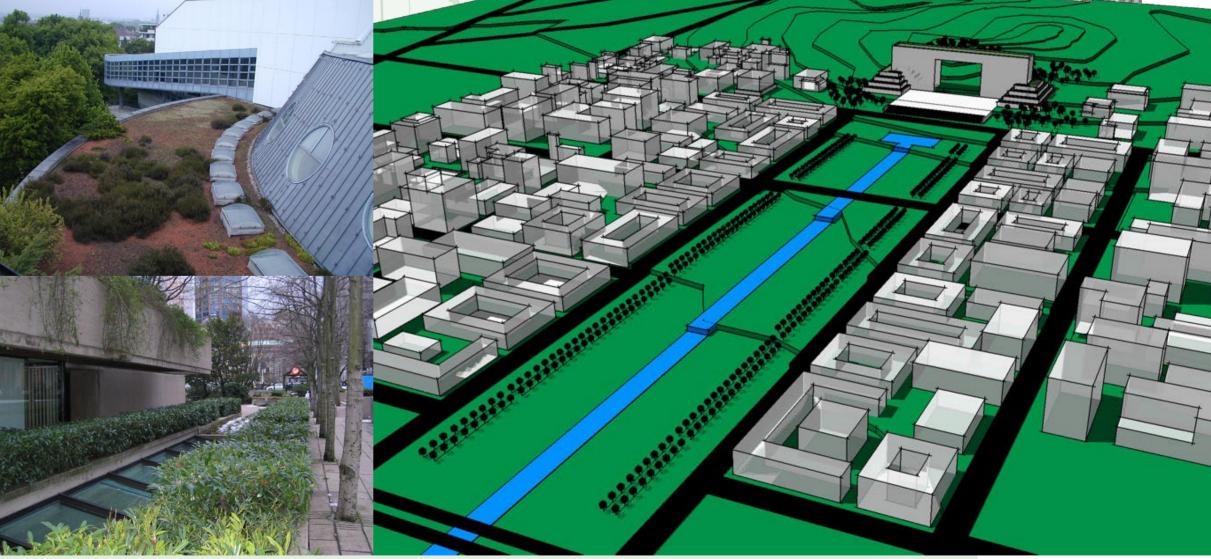
Retail and general public service areas are centrally located to the various neighborhoods. We believe it essential that all neighborhoods be planned to have easy walking distance to essential services. Furthermore, light rail and park access is planned to be within the same easy walking distance, minimizing the need for automobile use in everyday activities.

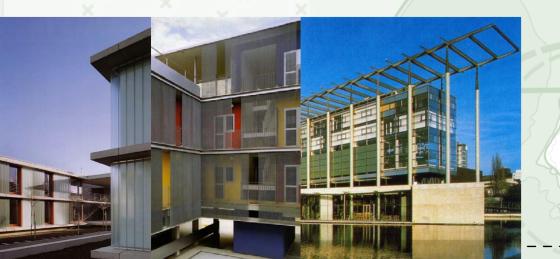


市政中心地区、住宅区、零售店、旅 游和便民服务、地区大学分校。目标 人口:74,500人

Center for regional government, residences, retail, tourism and residential services, regional university branch. Target population: 74,500.









展将是本地经济的驱动力,也会增加这个地区的旅游吸引 力。我们的规划包括了对这些珍贵海滨陆角的保护,并建 议把他们开辟为公园,供居民和游人休闲。

The ridge separating Boli Town and Lang Ya Town watersheds extends south and concludes at "South Point Head". These fine marine headlands extend the Lang Ya tourist activities on the east side and flank industrial lands and Muguando Reservoir on the west side. This juxtaposition offers a unique opportunity to unify and integrate the industrial and tourist functions, gaining greater benefit for both. Economic drivers such as the proposed shipbuilding industry and wind power plant and port also extend the tourist attractions of this community. Our plan includes the preservation of the significant headlands as parks accommodating tourists and local citizens alike.







5.0 南头船坞和南头港

我们建议把原来计划的沐官岛水库挡浪坝位置稍作移动,这样便可以腾出水面 新建一个区域性的港口。此港口受港湾的良好保护,与规划工业区很近,也与 地区的陆地交通联系方便。这样一个港口具良好的配套设施,可为造船、海洋 服务、渔船船队、旅游、娱乐游艇提供服务,并可用于当地和区域的水上交通 和运输。这个地区是造船业和海洋服务业的绝佳之地。这种滨海规划,既有利 于促进经济发展,又具有极高的旅游附加值。

在初始阶段,捕捞渔船的制造可以使这个地区的渔船船队现代化。随后,这些 制造设施则可制造帆船和摩托艇。我们可以采用现代干码头技术,降低港口对 水深的要求,减少挖泥工程量。船坞可以继续保持其沿海工业功能,并同时增 强工业服务的潜力,以支持沿海旅游业和渔业。我们还可以开发当地工业旅游 资源,丰富游客游览内容。

5.1 南头滨海陆角公园

山脊绵延入海的部分非常适于建设公园和娱乐场地。开阔的滨海陆角,保护好 了,可以保持这个地区的质量和特色。通过强化这一工业和旅游业的结合,滨 海公园可以创造空间,提高环境质量,为当地居民和游人提供休闲去处。

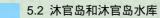
5.0 South Point Shipyards and South Point Port

We recommend modifying the previously proposed Muguando Reservoir seawall at this location; the result is a significant new regional port, well protected, adjacent to planned industries, and having easy regional ground transportation access. Such a port offers facilities for shipbuilding, marine service, fishing fleets, tourism services, recreational boating, and a port for local and regional water transportation. The area becomes an excellent location for shipbuilding and marine services. Such coastal activities obviously serve economic development, but have the added value of being of great interest to tourists.

Initially, the manufacture of fishing vessels can modernize the area's fishing fleet; the facility will eventually manufacture sail and motor yachts. Modern dry-dock techniques would be established to obviate deep-water port requirements, thus minimizing dredging. The shipyard continues the industrial function to the sea; it also increases the potential for industrial services to supply the coastal tourist and fishing industries. Local industry tours can be planned to extend the activities available to tourists.

5.1 Marine Headlands at South Point Park

The extended ridge and its marine headlands offer excellent potential for park and recreational lands. The open coastal lands and their preservation maintain the quality and character of the region. Highlighting this juncture of tourism and industry, the headland park creates appropriate open space, environmental quality and recreation for both the local citizenry as well as the visiting tourist.



按我们的规划,原先规划的沐官岛已做调整,以给南头船坞和港口腾出空间。 沐官岛水库将提供生产用水,而由其它水库提供饮用水。沐官岛水库也具备 大规模风力发电的巨大潜力。风力发电机可以提供琅琊组团发展所需电力的 30%,但不会造成一点污染。现代风力发电机每台可发电一兆多瓦以上,每千瓦 时耗电约0.16元。这使风力发电特别经济和具有很强的竞争力。此外,最近反 渗透膜技术的开发大大降低了海水淡化的费用。有了周围的电能和海水淡化 术进行研究开发。风力发电场非常壮观,它可以是一个旅游热点。

我们通过对沐官岛水库南部挡浪坝的进一步考虑,认为它具有停靠大型船只的 可能。这个深水挡浪坝可以配套管道,向水库西侧的炼油厂和化工厂输送原料 (不在此规划范围内),这样便可以极大地拓展这个地区的工业生产潜力。

5.3 南头村(姚头)

文个集旅游业、制造业为一体的港口村座落在海滨陆角上,其中的小旅馆、商 服务设施等可以支持东部南头公园 和港口地区的旅游活动。这个地区游 云集,活动繁多,非常适于居住和工作。它交通便利,是连接轻轨交通系统和

F有这些当地的各种活动方方面面决定了南头村的特色。这个村的多样性和 5力使它成为人们居住工作最有趣的地方,它同时也是旅游的好去处。

居住,旅游服务,商业零售,综合利用。目标人口:5000)

5.2 Muguando Island and Muguando Reservoir

The previously proposed reservoir has been modified to make room for South Point Shipyards and for South Point Port. The Muguando Reservoir will supply water for manufacturing uses, which makes water from all other reservoirs available for potable uses. The Muguando Reservoir also appears to be a promising setting for large-scale wind-energy farming. Wind-power generators have the potential of contributing up to 30% of Lang Ya City Group's electric power needs without creating air pollution. Modern wind generators can produce in excess of one megawatt per windmill, with electric cost approaching RMB 0.16 per kilowatt-hour, making it economically competitive. In addition, a new reverse osmosis technology has recently reduced the cost 互补充,又可以极大地提高这个地区供水供电能力,我们建议坚持对这两项技 of desalination. With the quantity of nearby power and improvements in this technology, desalination could become a practical source of fresh water in the future. It is our suggestion that a research station be located on Muguando Island in the bay to investigate the potential of wind power and desalination. We recommend the pursuit of these two technologies since they are complimentary and could significantly upgrade power and water supply in the region. Wind-energy farms are visually dramatic, and provide another tourist attraction.

> A further consideration for the south seawall of Muguando Reservoir would be its potential for docking larger ships; this deeper water dock zone could support pipelines along the seawall to chemical plants and oil refineries located west of the Reservoir (outside this planning zone), and could significantly extend the industrial potential of

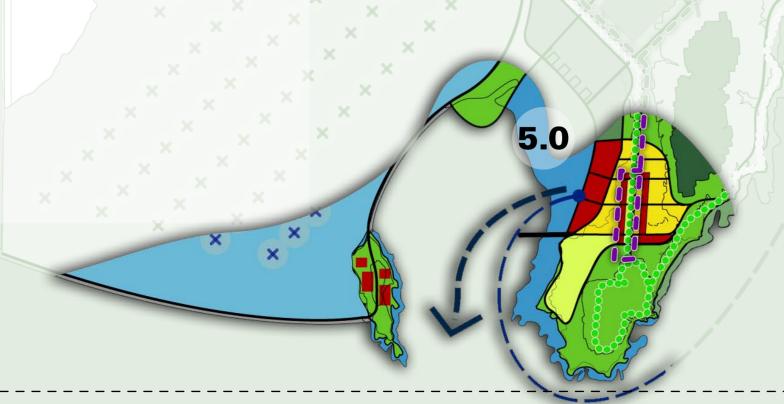
5.3 South Point Village (Yaotou)

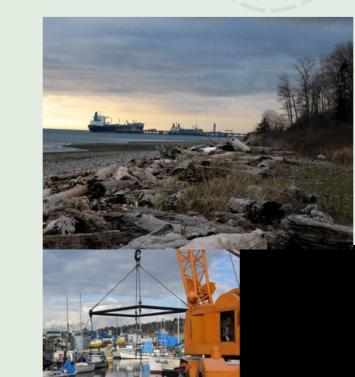
This mixed-use tourism and manufacturing port village is well located among the coastal headlands. Small inns, retail, and services support active tourism along South Point Park and on the harbor. This is a great place to live and work, diverse and filled with the excitement of visitors and coastal activities. Regional transportations services, in addition to roads, make this a hub connecting the light rail network with the coastal passenger ferry system. This is clearly place of balance between recreation

All of these related local activities help define the busy South Point Village. With the diversity and activity in the area, this village will become a most interesting place for people to live, work and provide tourism services.

(Residential, tourism services, retail, strong mixed use. Target population: 5,000.)











焦点 6: 泊里镇 Focus 6: Boli Town

6.0 泊里镇

泊里镇在琅琊组团的位置很好,镇周围有高速公路、铁路和水路相通。它很适 合发展工业和制造业。相关的政府基础设施、管理办公室和基础设施维护机 构的设立,将使泊里镇成为琅琊组团公共基础设施的枢纽。它紧邻同三高速及 与同三高速平行的铁路,便捷的交通与青岛新建的深水港口及山东其它经济中 心相连。我们规划的复合公路系统可以将工业车辆和居民、旅游车辆分流。 另外,轻轨系统连接了市中心、工业区和琅琊组团的其它区域。

琅琊组团的工业和公共设施总的监督管理办公室设在泊里镇,其中包括电力、 热电、自来水、污水处理、水质监控、运输服务和加油站分配管理。水力、 风力和火力发电需统一综合管理,加强协调。农用机械的供用及配套服务也 将以此地为中心。随着工业生产的多样化和发展,人们需要一个繁荣的市中 心,用来满足金融、商贸、公共服务及商务旅行服务的要求。当地的建筑业需 要配套一个建材供应和分销中心,以及一个加工区,以满足经济快速增长的需 管理集团和配套服务的中心。



Boli Town is well located within the Lang Ya City Group. With nearby regional highways, rail and water access, this is the ideal area for industrial and manufacturing support and services. The associated government infrastructure oversight offices and infrastructure maintenance facilities will make this city the hub of Lang Ya public utilities. With the adjacent Tongsan Expressway and its parallel rail link, the new deepwater port of Qingdao and other Shandong business centers are readily available. Our proposed dual-road networks separate heavy industrial traffic from the tourist and domestic flow. A light rail serves the city center, the industrial zones and greater

The general oversight and management of Lang Ya industries and public utilities are headquartered in Boli, including electric power and heat generation, water supply, wastewater treatment, water quality oversight, transportation services and fuel distribution centers. Integration of hydro, wind, and fossil fuel power generation requires 要。新建轻轨的基础实施管理和维护机构也设在这儿。泊里镇将是一个工业 careful management and coordination. Farm equipment with supporting services and supply will be centered here. As the diversity of industries grow, they will need an active urban center for banking, retail, public services, and visiting business people. The local building industry will need supply and distribution centers, and manufacturing staging zones for the rapid growth requirements. New light rail infrastructure management and maintenance facilities will be located here. Boli Town is the center of industrial management groups and their associated support needs.



我们在设计时充分考虑了学校、医院、研究机构及其它重要社会场所的位

置。我们建议这些建筑应放在城市扩展边界的边缘或主要社区的周边地带。

同时,我们强烈建议各个社区综合考虑配备各种服务楼、敬老院、以及康复中

在发展泊里镇时应注意仔细考虑其生活质量问题。我们要详细评估当地的地 形和流域,来确定绿地分布和建筑的具体方位,以期保证最佳的环境质量、水

制,保护了附近农田景观和工业区的美景。建筑高度应限制在30米高,以保护

山区景观。社区设计注重考虑步行便利,充满生活气息,靠近商场、公共服务

设施、交通网站和社区公园。泊里镇将是泊里人民以高度的环境意识,为他们

(住宅区,政府基础设施,零售,服务,地区运输服务,工业研究及培训中心,目标人

南部大公园连接起来。

自己建立的现代化工业和农业城市。

口:97,300)

泊里镇的标记性中心区是市府大楼。同时,它也是人们聚会和社区服务的场 The symbolic center of Boli Town will incorporate government buildings for commu-所。在泊里镇设置一个工业研究所及培训中心,可以促进本地区的成功发展。 nity assemblies and services. The Industrial Institute and Training Center will further the development and success of the region. An important intersection along existing 现有204国道将预留有一个重要的交叉口,连接通往市府大楼和工业研究所的 regional highway 204 is reserved for the government buildings and the Industrial In-大道。这条宽200米的大道向南伸展,穿越市府大楼前的人工运河,把市中心和 stitute. A green 200 meter-wide boulevard connects the city center south to a large

> Careful consideration has been given to the location of schools, hospitals, study institutes and other significant community facilities. We suggest such buildings be located near the edges of the urban growth boundaries and at the edges of core neighborhoods. However, we strongly suggest the integration of service housing, such as elderly and rehabilitation housing be fully integral to general neighborhoods.

Quality of life is a deliberate consideration in developing Boli Town. Careful assessment of the topography and the watershed define the green area networks and building sites for maximum environmental and water quality, as well as for recreation. Most significantly, urban growth boundaries are precisely defined to maximize the benefits of the mountains, farm production, industrial growth, regional tourism and overall quality of living. Expansion and long-term growth of Boli is directed north and defined by the watershed assessment. The south urban boundary is sculpted from the views and scenic beauty of the adjacent farm and industrial lands. A 30-meter base building limit preserves the mountain views. Neighborhoods are designed to be walk-able and very livable, with easy access to shopping, public services, transportation, and spacious community parks. Boli is an environmentally conscious industrial and farm city, of and for its people!

(Residences, government infrastructure, retail, services, regional transportation services, Industrial Institute and Training Center. Target population: 97,300.)











农业、工业和旅游业最理想的结合,应该互助互利、极大地促 进各行业的共同发展。工业区周边及附近绿化缓冲带、生态 市场开拓,而旅游业的增长靠的是丰富多彩的旅游景点和各种 地越多,农业经济的发展则会越强劲。工业生产越综合,越注 意生态保护和越考虑人的因素,人们会越认真的工作、效益就 越高。所有这些都是从相互协同效应中受益。

The thoughtful integration of farming, industry and tourism deserves to be mutually beneficial and profoundly symbiotic for all. Green-space buffers near and around industry; eco zones that are both environmentally life supporting; high productivity agriculture; taken together these goals intensify the economic and life quality for the Lang Ya City Group. These agricultural and industrial elements also become compelling tourist attractions; the industries and products benefit from greater marketing exposure, while the local tourism industry benefits from a greater variety of choices. The greater the number of tourist activities, the more frequent the visits become. The more productive land is available for high-yield agriculture, the stronger and more economically successful agribusiness can be. The more integrated, eco-responsible, and lifestyle oriented industry is, the more seriously productive will be the work force. All these various forces benefit from mutual synergy



7.2 水培农业

水培农业无需土壤,种植上等蔬菜、水果和草本。作物所需养分由水溶性矿 物提供。这项古老的技术已日趋完美,成为一个稳定的可持续性商业化栽培

琅琊地区推广水培技术前景广大。与其它农业方式相比,水培用水少,几乎 蒸发或渗漏;它没有污染,植物会吸收加入系统内的全部养分,由此,不会有 养分渗入土壤或外溢污染水体。水培不会产生杂草,无需用化学或人工方法 控制杂草。采用水培技术,亩产量比同等土地产量高很多。在温室中进行水 培,无需额外供热,可以大大延长作物生长期;如果额外供热,还可以更进一步 延长作物生长期。费用上是否合算,可以通过比较作物产值和供热所需费用 得出,从而确定种植的经济生长季节。这方面做的比较成功的国家有荷兰和 口拿大。尽管纬度偏北,这两个国家是世界最大的商业水培蔬菜生产国。



7.2 Hydroponic Farming

Hydroponic farming grows premium grade fruits, vegetable and herbs without the use of soil – plant nutrition is provided by water-soluble mineral elements. This ancient technique has been perfected into a viable, sustainable commercial process.

Hydroponics holds great promise in the Lang Ya area. Compared to other farming methods, much less water is used, because there is no evaporation or drainage. Hydroponics is pollution-free, because the plants use all nutrients put into the system. This means there is no leaching into the soil, or runoff that can contaminate waterways. There are no weeds, so chemical or manual weed control is unnecessary. The production of premium quality produce is much higher per acre of land used. When grown in greenhouses, the growing season is extended without additional heat energy, and heating can extend the season much more. The cost-effective growing season can be calculated by comparing crop value with heating cost. Demonstrating the effectiveness of extending the growing season, the Netherlands and Canada, even with northern climates, are the top commercial hydroponic vegetable producers in

焦点 7: 农业、工业和农 Focus 7: Farming, Industry and Agri-Tourism

7.0 专化农田

专化农田在琅琊组团中有着许多经济、生态、景观和改善人们生活质量的 作用。我们推荐种植高附加值的作物,它们可以把农田装扮得有趣而美丽,例 如,果园,葡萄园等。随着橄榄和橄榄油在中国的普及,也许值得我们研究本地 区种植橄榄的可行性。通过葡萄和果树种植而带来旅游收益的典型例子有加 洲的索诺玛(Sonoma)和纳帕(Napa)县、法国的泊甘蒂(Burgundy)和意大利的 图斯堪尼(Tuscany)。这些地区的农业生产创造了可观的经济利益,同时也吸引 大量的游人,给旅游业带来了很高的收益。在意大利,人们称之为农业旅游业 (Agriturismo)。游人被农田景色而吸引,也被周围提供其它旅游服务的城市所 吸引。许多人喜欢在一个农家小院里住上一宿,吃上一吨农家宴;另有一些人 喜欢四处漫步,然后返回当地度假中心。骑自行车旅游也非常普遍。

组团内,农田的北部成为城区扩展边界,它成为北部城区和东南部旅游度假区 之间的绿色缓冲带。这大片生态绿色,风景秀丽的农业景观就位于琅琊城市组 团的心脏地带,它提高了整个组团的价值,是一个强大的经济驱动,它为市民创 造了更高的生活质量,并吸引了四面八方的游客来此休闲旅游。它于是成了城 市组团的一个重要组成部分和成功的标志。

我们可以通过水泵从沐官岛水库抽水至海拔较高的农田水库(可能可以利用风 力驱动的水泵),然后通过重力自流,灌溉整个地区的农田。

7.1 可持续农业研究所

这个研究所主要负责研究适合当地的高产值农业栽培方式和农作物产品。 主要任务包括研究节约用水的栽培方法,及改善生态和环境的途径。作为一 基础研究和实验机构,研究所拥有自己的实验田和温室。它将深入研究温室里 的水培方法,以及生产屋顶栽培的材料和推广应用。研究所距市区不远,可俯 视整个农业区。它将培训农民,推广有机及生态可持续性农业。

7.0 Specialty Farmland

7.2

Specialty Farmland serves many economic, ecological, scenic and quality of living purposes for the Lang Ya City Group. We recommend planting high-value crops that create graphically interesting and scenically beautiful farmland, such as fruit orchards and wine grape vineyards. Since olives and olive oil are gaining popularity in China, it may be worth investigating how well olive trees grow in this region. Model wine and fruit agriculture examples that benefit from tourism include Sonoma and Napa Counties in California, Burgundy, in France and Tuscany in Italy. These areas generate significant economic benefit from agricultural production, but they also attract the high economic value of tourism. Called "agritourismo" in Italy, tourists are attracted to both the agricultural lands themselves, and to the surrounding urban areas that provide additional tourism services. It is very popular for tourists to stay at farmhouse Bed and Breakfasts during their visits, while others tour the areas and then return to local resorts. Bicycle tourism is also popular.

The farmlands create a green buffer between the urban growth boundaries in the north and the tourism and resort communities in the south and east. This large econ and scenic area in the heart of Lang Ya City Group enhances and value of the total area, functions as a strong economic driver, creates a higher quality of life for residents, and attracts a broad cross-section of tourists. It then becomes an important element of in the successful branding of the City Group!

Irrigation of farmland is achieved by pumping water (possibly through wind driven pumps) from the Muguando Reservoir into agricultural reservoirs at higher elevations. Simple irrigation is then delivered though gravity feed to the desired areas.

7.1 Sustainable Farming Institute

This institute will be charged with defining the intersection between high value agricultural plantings and farm products that will thrive in the area. Important tasks will include the study of methods to minimize water use and improve the ecology. As a primary research and testing facility, the Institute uses its campus for study gardens and greenhouses. It will research practical applications for hydroponics in greenhouse and manufacturing building rooftop applications. This facility is located near the city and overlooks the general farming region. It will train farmers in the implementation of organic and ecologically sustainable agriculture.



我们建议把温室放在工业区是出于多方面的考虑。其中包括对工业生产余 We recommend location of greenhouses in the industrial area for a number of reasons, bonate);另一家工厂可制作温室,供本地使用或出口。

这儿还有一个好例子:日本已成功地利用屋顶进行水培。这种屋顶栽培方法 是除温室外增加农业产量的又一选择。水培可建在大部分工厂的屋顶上,可 以附加温室或者不加。屋顶栽培增加了农业生产的空间,同时作物还可以作 为建筑物内外的热屏蔽,减少建筑物内热量损失或吸收外部的热量。

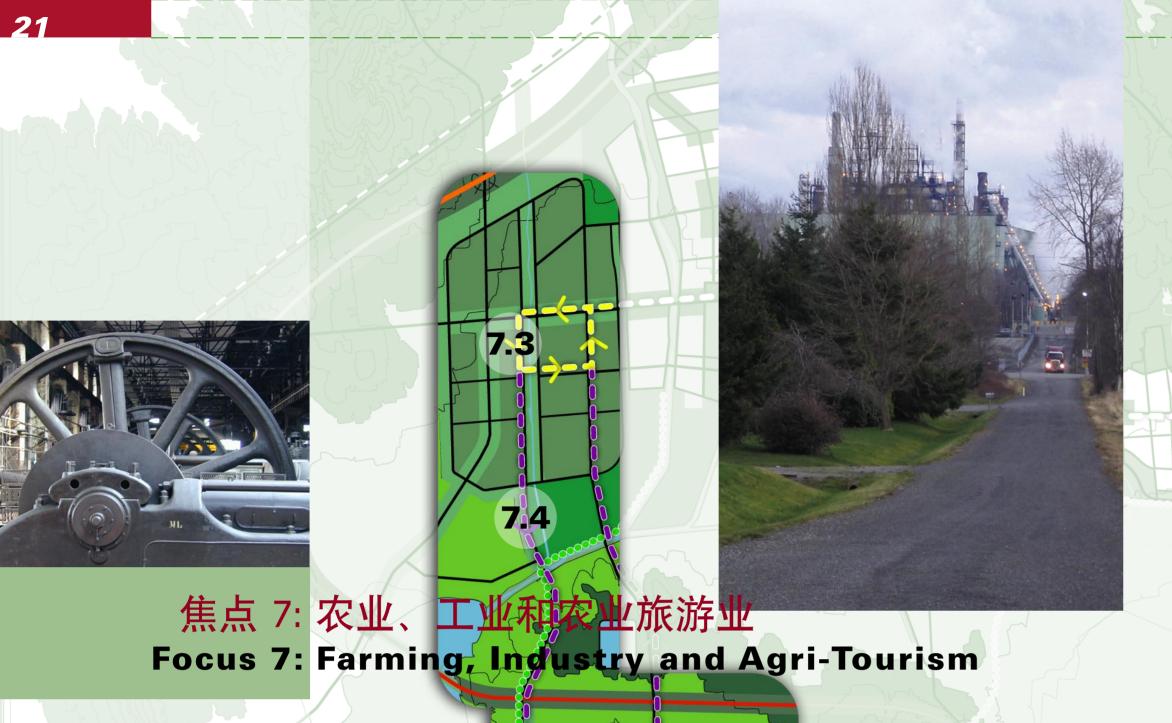
比较有经济效益的作物有西红柿、红薯、绿色蔬菜和新鲜草本等。当地农 产品可以运往琅琊组团市区及旅游区销售,既增强了这些地方的生态可持续 性,又减少了从其他地区进口食物,从而降低了长距离运输而造成的对生态和 环境的破坏。

热的利用。我们建议用聚碳酸塑料薄膜(Polycarbonate)搭建温室,这种材料又 including the advantage of using co-generated heat from manufacturing processes. 轻又便宜。可以开设当地的一家工厂专门生产这种聚碳酸塑料薄膜(Polycar- We recommend that greenhouses be manufactured of polycarbonate, an inexpensive, lightweight material. One of the local industries could extrude polycarbonate, and another could manufacture greenhouses for local use and for export.

> Another good example: For many years, Japan has successfully used rooftops for hydroponics. This roof top approach is another option to expand farm production outside the greenhouses. Hydroponic gardens can be placed on the rooftops, with or without greenhouses, of most manufacturing buildings. In addition to providing more space for agricultural production, the plants act as a thermal shield between the outdoor elements and the interior of the buildings, thus reducing heat loss or gain.

Examples of cost-effective produce include tomatoes, sweet potatoes, leafy green vegetables, and fresh herbs. Local produce delivered to urban and tourist areas in





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7.3 重工业和中型工业区

重工业和中型工业区设置于同三高速公路及新建铁路线附近,以方便货物运输。应优先在工业区内敷设一条铁路支线(图上没有标明),可以满足那些需大批量运输货物的工厂的需要。工业区的绿地空间把地表水收集到中央绿地排水系统中,进行生物过滤处理。这些生物绿地,可以改善空气质量和水质,又是当地居民休闲娱乐的好去处。大部分职工将住在附近的泊里镇,他们可以步行,骑自行车或搭乘轻轨上下班。

琅琊组团的规划综合考虑生活质量和这个制造产业基地之间的结合,创造了一种高水平的可持续发展的模式。位于西雅图市140公里处的泊凌翰Bell-ingham镇在这方面做得非常成功。这个镇的人口是170,000,正如琅琊组团一样,它是一个山海之间的生活质量很高的美丽的城镇。镇的北部沿海有世界产量最高的英国石油炼制厂。英国石油公司经多年研究得出一个结论:与其它采用相同技术的炼油厂相比较,这个厂的典型特征是职工的良好的团队精神和工作态度

7.4 污水处理设施

工业区的南端留有一个水质管理的重要地块。在这儿,工业废水、生活污水、工业及非工业地表水采用不同的系统进行处理。这个地方是整个琅琊组团的污水处理中心。在组团发展及转型期间,可采用喷淋灌溉,逐步达到三级污水处理。工业区的地表水将通过绿地排放;再通过生物滤池,最后汇入沉淀池完成水的处理。把几个水质控制机构都设在一个区内,以便利对水质的监控。这些水处理区也将是一个非常有趣的公园,它可以帮助人们更好地了解他们对水的使用及影响。这里也是设置水质及自然资源管理研究所的好地方

鉴于沐官岛水库将是本地区主要水源地,连续提高对水质的监控变得十分重要。沐官岛水库应提供主要的工业和农业用水,所有山区水库则用来提供居民

7.5 轻工业和中型工业区

由于这个地区临近海滨和度假区,我们建议把它规划为轻工业和中型工业区及南头造船区。工业绿地可作为地表水的生物过滤,并提供绿色空间。一条轻轨沿水库延伸,直至南头村。轻轨方便了职工上下班和旅游交通。这个地方也将是主要屋顶水培区。造船业及其它工业为旅游开发增添了许多可能。例如,波音公司制造厂便是西雅图最受欢迎的旅游热点之一。其它世界流行的旅游观光景点包括酿酒、奶酪制作、摩托车制造、玻璃冲泡甚至软心豆粒糖制作等。当然,我们不是建议在此地搞上述工业,我们只是借此证明发展工业旅游的可能性。

所有制造工业区应注意考虑集装箱运输,应综合考虑铁路、公路和水路的集装箱运输。

7.6 水产养殖

该地区现有的水产养殖业会进一步得到加强和发展,水产资源的管理会进一步强化。随着海洋研究所的技术开发和运用,高产出、高附加值、可持续性的水产养殖方法将得于更多的推广应用。它将替代其它地方的养殖,使那些地方的土地可以作为其他用途。与此同时,随着技术的进步,水质的提高和水质管理的改善,反过来将进一步促进水产养殖业的发展。

7.3 Heavy & Medium Industry zone

This primary industrial zone is strategically located near Tongsan Expressway and the new railroad line, for easy access to regional supply routes. A right of way for a potential railroad spur within the industrial zones (not shown on the map), would serve manufacturers requiring large bulk deliveries and shipments. The industrial green spaces collect surface water to the central green belt drainage, to serve as bio filtration. These bio-green zones, in addition to improving the air and water quality, provide recreational and park spaces for local workers. Most employees would reside in nearby Boli Town, commuting to work by walking, bicycle or the use of light rail.

The integration of the quality of living in the Lang Ya City Group with this manufacturing base creates a high level of sustainability. A good example is the town of Bellingham (population 170,000), 140 km north of Seattle. Like Lang Ya City Group, it is a beautiful area between in the mountains and sea, considered to have a high quality of living. Near the coast north of town lies a British Petroleum oil refinery that is considered the most productive in the world. After much research, British Petroleum concluded that the teamwork and attitude of employees is the distinguishing feature from other plants that use the same technology.

7.4 Water Treatment Facility

At the south end of the industrial park, a substantial area is set aside for water quality management. Within this zone are different systems for industrial and domestic wastewater, industrial surface water and non-industrial surface water. This location will become the main wastewater treatment center for all of the Lang Ya City Group; during the growth and transition period, spray irrigation could be used, giving way to full tertiary water processing. The industrial zones would process their surface water runoff along the green area drainage and complete the process in bio filters and sediment ponds at the confluence this treatment park. Good monitoring practices can be maintained by bringing together several water quality facilities into one zone. Such treatment zones make for extremely interesting parks, helping citizens to better understand their use and effects on water supply. This is also an ideal location for the Water Quality and Natural Resource Management Institute.

Since the Muguando Reservoir will become a significant source of regional water supply, the constant upgrading and evaluation of the water quality will be essential. The Muguando Reservoir should be dedicated to industrial and agricultural use; all the mountain reservoirs are directed to domestic use.

7.5 Light & Medium Industry zone

Because of its proximity to the coast and tourist resorts, we recommend this area to support light and medium industry, as well as shipbuilding at South Point Port. Industrial green areas will provide bio filtration for surface water as well as create open green space. One path of the light rail line runs along the reservoir and into South Point Village, supporting both manufacturing employees and visitors. This will also be the primary focus area for rooftop hydroponic gardens. The ship building and other selected industries provide potential for tourism. For example, the Boeing manufacturing plant is among the most popular tourist destinations in the greater Seattle area. Other popular tours worldwide include breweries, cheese production, motorcycle manufacturing, glass blowing and even jellybean manufacturing. While we're not recommending these specific industries for this area, it illustrates the broad potential of manufacturing tourism.

Both manufacturing areas should emphasize container shipping for flexible transport via rail, road, and waterway.

7.6 Aquaculture

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The existing aquaculture in this area will be expanded, and resource management will be intensified. With techniques developed by the Marine Institute, high-output, high-value, sustainable aquaculture will yield product value that replaces existing aquaculture production in other areas that have a changed land use. Also, as better methods develop, improved water quality and water quality management will further improve the aquaculture industry.



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